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Processed Foods - Benefits and Misconceptions and Challenges

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#### Food

#### • Life is impossible without Food

#### • Food has an important social and emotional role























Food Processing

Process is any step that converts input into an output

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Oxford dictionary defines Food Processing as the action of performing a series of mechanical or chemical operations on food in order to change or preserve it.

The resultant product is a "Processed Food"

## Food Processing leads to

- Making a food edible
- Preserving Food
- Safe Food
- Extension of shelf life
- Removal of anti nutritional factors and toxins
- Creation of new Categories, Products and deliverv platforms and formats
- Value addition
- Employment generation
- Food processing has played a major role in achieving Food self sufficiency and reducing hunger in population









#### Food Processing - At Home

- Food processing is not an exclusive Industrial activity
- Traditionally, Food Processing was at the center of human activity for survival

- Discovery of fire Cooking making food edible
- Cleaning, Pounding, winnowing making food for human consumption - Cereals
- Preserving the surplus Cheese, Ghee
- Traditional sweets and snacks Formulated products to make life interesting
- Pickling for preservation
- Every food we eat either packaged or made at home is processed.

Food Processing - Why Industrial ?

- Social changes led to "Food Processing" move out of home kitchens
  - Increase in population
  - People moving out of traditional homes in search of new opportunities

- Formation of nuclear families and Women joining the work force
- Work pressure and Paucity of time
- Processed Foods is a result of the social changes and not the other way around.
- Food processing and Food Industry identifies the need gap in the consumer requirement and fills it.

## **Processed Foods - Challenges**

- Every new technology challenges come to light late
- New science and understanding reveals the challenges
- In case of foods
  - Refinement Increased the shelf life but removed a few nutrients

- Heat treatment Improved the shelf life but impacted the taste and nutrients
- Combination of refined ingredients leading to interesting and tasty products but with higher levels of nutrients of concern - Fat, Sugar, Salt
- Negative perception regarding perfectly legal and safe ingredients and additives
- Every challenge throws a new opportunity

# Addressing the challenges

Food refinement to the extent required to maintain the functionality - wheat flour - whole wheat based bread

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- Food Fortification
- Non/Reduced thermal process Preserving the taste and nutrients
  - ► HTST/UHT
  - ► HPP
  - Room temperature/Low RH drying of fruits and vegetables
  - Freeze drying
  - Extrusion new shapes and formats

## Addressing the challenges

- Controlled Atmosphere and Modified atmosphere packaging.
- Negative perception about the use of additives and ingredients to be countered through education and clarification by FSSAI that they are perfectly safe and legal.
- Science based standards are dynamic and there is a continuous review and amendments including reducing the upper thresholds and banning of additives. Trans fat, Potassium Bromate, etc.

#### **Classification of Processed Foods**

- As per NOVA\* classification (Not endorsed or validated by FAO), the processed groups are categorized as
  - Group 1 Unprocessed or minimally processed food Cereals, Fruits, Vegetables, Milk - processed enough to make it edible
  - Group 2 Processed Culinary ingredients Oil, Butter, Sugar, Salt -
  - Group 3 Processed Foods Prepared by adding Group 2 ingredients to Group 1. - Pickles, Jams, Fewer refined ingredients and additives

- Group 4 Ultra Processed Foods formulations of ingredients, mostly of exclusive industrial use, typically created by series of industrial techniques and processes - More number of refined ingredients and additives - Cakes, Chocolates.
- Difficult to draw a clear boundary between Group 3 and 4.
- \*Source Monteiro, C.A., Cannon, G., Lawrence, M., Costa Louzada, M.L. and Pereira Machado, P. 2019. Ultra-processed foods, diet quality, and health using the NOVA classification system. Rome, FAO.

# **Classification of Processed Foods**

Processing and where processed per se are not the issues. What it leads to should be the point of discussion.

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- Group 4 Foods, in general, tend to be
  - "High" in calorie
  - "High" in Salt, Sugar and Fat (Nutrients of concern)
  - "High" in GI
  - Unfortunately, Tasty
- A few health concerns are associated with Sugar, Fat and Salt when consumed beyond the threshold levels
- The problem is compounded by
  - Affordability
  - Availability

Inactivity on the part of the consumer

## The Way Forward

- Processed Food is here to stay.
- Need to minimize the negative effects arising out of processed foods. All stakeholders have a role to play
  - Industry innovates in processing and formulations. Sets itself definite goals with timelines

- Consumers To Understand and study labels. Not give into sensationalism. Own responsibility for their good health and not completely place it on the food industry.
- Regulators Equitable science based regulations which would take into account the requirements of the consumer and the Industry.

#### Way Forward

- FSSAI's concept of "Thoda Kum" could be expanded to counter certain negative effects of processed foods.
- Many FOPNL focusses exclusively on nutrients of concern.

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- A recent report submitted to FSSAI has recommended a star rating (FOP) system of assessing nutritional status of the food. It takes into account
  - Nutrients of concern like Sugar, Salt, Fat and its derivatives
  - Positive nutrients like Protein and Dietary Fiber
  - Positive ingredients like Pulses, Fruits and Vegetables, Nuts, etc

# Conclusion

A few issues associated with processed foods have to be addressed.

How do we address it - Equitably . A million dollar question



